Register Number:
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## ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), BENGALURU-27

B.Sc. STATISTICS - II SEMESTER (OPEN ELECTIVE)

SEMESTER EXAMINATION: APRIL 2022
(Examination conducted in July 2022)
STOE - 3: APPLIED STATISTICS
Time: 2 Hours
Max: 60 Marks
This question paper contains Two printed pages and Three parts
Note: Scientific calculators are allowed

## PART A

## I Answer any FIVE of the following:

$3 \times 5=15$

1. What is an index number? Write any two uses of the same.
2. Define time series data. Give any 2 examples of the same
3. What is demographic data? Write any two sources of demographic data.
4. Calculate crude death rate for the following data.

| Age Group | $0-5$ | $5-15$ | $15-25$ | $25-35$ | $35-50$ | $50+$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| No. of Deaths | 200 | 420 | 550 | 400 | 300 | 1000 |
| Total Population | 100000 | 200000 | 350000 | 200000 | 300000 | 400000 |

5. Define two types of errors in sampling.
6. Define Census. Write any one advantage and disadvantage of the same.
7. Differentiate between chance causes and assignable causes with an example with respect to SQC.

PART B
II Answer any FIVE of the following:
$5 \times 5=25$
8. Calculate the price index number of the following data by using Marshall -

Edgeworth Index number.

| Commodity | Base Year |  | Current Year |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Price | Quantity | Price | Quantity |
| A | 10 | 9 | 20 | 8 |
| B | 20 | 5 | 30 | 4 |
| C | 30 | 7 | 50 | 5 |
| D | 40 | 8 | 60 | 6 |

9. Calculate the trend values using semi average method.

| Year | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sales | 65 | 95 | 115 | 63 | 120 | 100 | 150 | 135 |

10. Calculate Age Specific Mortality rate for the following data. What is the infant mortality rate?

| AGE | $0-1$ | $2-5$ | $6-11$ | $11-16$ | $17-22$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of Deaths | 103 | 200 | 250 | 200 | 250 |
| Population | 120000 | 150000 | 200000 | 170000 | 230000 |

11. A) In a particular city out of 1800 live births in a year, 90 newborn babies died within 28 days and 150 babies died from 28 days to a year. Calculate neonatal mortality rate.
B) Differentiate between a population and a sample. Why do we need a sample?
12. Briefly give an overview of Simple random sampling and Stratified random sampling with its merits and demerits
13. What is an attribute? Give the control limits for $p$ and $c$ charts.
14. Briefly explain sampling plan with respect to Statistical Quality Control.

## PART C

III Answer any two of the following:
$10 \times 2=20$
15. Calculate Fischer's Quantity Index number and Paasche's Price Index number for the following data. (10)

| Commodi <br> ty | Base Year |  | Current Year |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Price | Quantity | Price | Quantity |
| Rice | 10 | 5 | 12 | 6 |
| Wheat | 15 | 10 | 17 | 8 |
| Moong | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 |
| Dal | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 |

16. A) From the following data calculate TFR, GFR and ASFR.

| AGE | $15-19$ | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | $35-39$ | $40-44$ | $45-49$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Women Population | 85000 | 70000 | 72500 | 76000 | 75100 | 71620 | 66660 |
| Number of Live births | 350 | 15000 | 16200 | 12000 | 800 | 85 | 45 |

B) Briefly explain Systematic random sampling.
17. A) Define i) Control Limits, ii) Specification Limits, iii) Tolerance limits, iv) Producer's risk, v) Consumer's risk
B) You are to conduct a survey regarding College Elections in your college. Devise a questionnaire for the same.

