PAPER-III COMPUTER SCIENCE

Si	gnature and Name of Invigilator								
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	(Name)				(To be fil	led by tl	he Cand	lidate)	
2.	(Signature)	R	oll No.						
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Ti	me : $2^{1}/_{2}$ hours]					[Max	imum l	Marks	: 150
Νι	umber of Pages in this Booklet : 16			Numb	er of Que	stions	in this l	Bookle	et : 75
	Instructions for the Candidates			प	रीक्षार्थियों वे	5 लिए वि	नेर्देश		
1.	Write your roll number in the space provided on the top of	1.	इस पृष्ठ व	के ऊपर पन में पन	नियत स्थान प जन्म जनमित	ार अपना ज्योग गण	रोल नम्ब न नैं ।	र लिखिए	. 1
2.	This paper consists of seventy five multiple-choice type of	2. 3.	इस प्रश्न- परीक्षा प्रा	पत्र म प ^र रम्भ होने	वहत्तर बहु।वक पर. प्रश्न-परि	ल्पाय प्रश् स्तका आ	न ह । पको देर्द	ो जायेगी	। पहले
	questions.	0.	पाँच मिन	ट आपक	गे प्रश्न-पुस्तिव	का खोलन	ने तथा उर	प्रकी निम	नलिखित
3.	At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested		जाँच के वि	लए दिये	जायेंगे, जिसव	की जाँच _् अ	आपको अ	वश्य कर	नी है :
	to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as below :		 (1) प्रश्न की 	-पुास्तका गोल को	खालन काल जिस्तुल कों प्र	गए उसक जन्मी दर्द	कवर पज ज्या निज्य	1 पर लग परीक्ता	॥ कागज गोल की
	(i) To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the		परित परित	साल का का स्वीव	काङ् ला । कार न करें ।	લુલા હર	भा ।भगा	स्टाफर-	ଖାଏ ଏମ
	paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal and do not accept an open		(ii) कव	र पृष्ठ प	र छपे निर्देश	ानुसार प्र	। श्न-पुस्ति	का के पृ	ष्ठ तथा
	booklet.		प्रश्न	ों की स्	ांख्या को अ	च्छी तरह	चैक क	र्लं कि	5 ये पूरे
	(ii) Tally the number of pages and number of questions		ह । गये	दाषपूण हों या	्पास्तका जिन् मीरिराल में उ	नम पृष्ठ/प्र न टों अप	ग्रंन कम र्यात किम्	हायादु गिभी फ	बारा आ कार की
	cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/questions		त्रुटि	पूर्ण पूर्व	स्तका स्वीक	गरान क	जात् (च)त इरें तथा	उसी स	मय उसे
	missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any		लौट्	ाकेर उस	के स्थान ुपर	ूदूसरी ूस	ग्ही प्रश्न्⊦	पुस्तिका्	ले लें ।
	other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately		इसवे जो	ते लिए जन्मनी र	आपको पाँच जन्म प्रान्तन न	मिनट दि	ये जायेगे जायेगी २	। उसके गैन न नी	ंबाद न आपनो
	period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question		ता उ अति	भाषका प्र रिक्त स	ाश्न-पुास्तका व मय दिया जा	गणसला येगा ।	जायगा उ	नार न हा	આપળા
	Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be		(iii) इस	जाँच के	बाद OMR प	त्रक की ब्र	नम संख्या	इस प्रश्न	-पुस्तिका
	(iii) After this verification is over, the OMR Sheet Number		् पर ः	अंकित क	ज्रदें। 	< .		a	
	should be entered on this Test Booklet.	4.	प्रत्यक प्रश् गरो हैं । :	न काल श्रापको म	ए चार उत्तर 19 रही उत्तर के द	वकल्प (A बन को पे	A), (В), (Ч न मे भग्र	C) तथा ज्य काला	(D) दिय करना है
4.	Each item has four alternative responses marked (A) , (B) , (C) and (D) . You have to darken the circle as indicated below on		जैसा कि	गानुनग २ नीचे दिख	ाता उतार के । बाया गया है ।	211 971 9	1 (1 1(4	/ 9///1	47. în 6
	the correct response against each item.		उदाहरण	:A (B 🕒 (\supset			
	Example : \Lambda 🔞 💽 D	-	जबकि (C) सही उ	त्तर है ।	_ <u>}_</u>			
F	where (C) is the correct response.	5.	प्रश्ना क उ ही अंकित	त्तर कवल करने हैं	। प्रश्न पुरस्तक । यदि आप O) के अन्द MR पत्रक	र ।दय गय 5 पर दिये 1	ОМК ' ाये वन वे	५७क ५२ उ.अलावा
5.	Sheet given inside the Booklet only. If you mark at any		किसी अन	य स्थान	पर उत्तर चिह	नांकित क	रते हैं, तो	उसका ग	गूल्यांकन
	place other than in the circle in the OMR Sheet, it will not be		नहीं होगा		* * `				
6	evaluated. Read instructions given inside carefully	6. 7	अन्दर दिय	गयान म (Pow	दशा का ध्यान ah Work) ह	पूबक पढ़ म गम्वितक	। गले-अन्ति	י באת תו	ा कों ।
0. 7.	Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet.	7. 8.	यदि आप	OMR 1	धा भ णार) इ पत्रक पर निय	त पुरितिम् त स्थान व	के अलावा	अपना न	ाम, रोल
8.	If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or put		नम्बर, फ्रो	न नम्बर्	या कोई भी एं	रेसा चिहन	। जिससे अ	आपकी ुप	हचान हो
	allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your		सके, ओव	हत करते चित्र गण	हे अथवा अ जन्म प्रयोग	भद्र भाषा जनते हैं	का प्रयोग जैगे जि	करते हैं, अंग्रिज्य	या कोई
	identity, or use abusive language or employ any other unfair		अन्य अनु उत्तर को	ायत सार् मिटाना	भन का प्रयाग या सफेद स्थ	करत ह, 11ही से ब	जस 1क ादलना तो	आकत् । परीक्षा	क्य गय के लिये
	means such as change of response by scratching or using		अयोग्य घ	षित कि	ये जा सकते हैं	हैं।			
9.	You have to return the test question booklet and Original	9.	आपको प	रीक्षा सम	गप्त होने पर	प्रश्न-पुस्ति	का एवं ग	मूल OM	R्पत्रक
	OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination		ानराक्षक म उम्मे आगने	नहादय क ज्याश म	ग लाटाना आव गिश्चा भवन मे	त्रश्यक ह तारुग न	आर पराक्ष् लेकर जार	11 समाप्त ों । हालां	िक बाद कि.आग
	compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall You are however allowed to carry original		परीक्षा सम	गणित पर	मुल प्रश्न-पुरि	वाहर न तका तथा	OMR प	ग होता ग्रिक की	डुप्लीकेट
	question booklet and duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on		प्रति अपने	्साथ ्ले	ंजा सकते हैं	1 I	• •		9
10	conclusion of examination.	10.	केवल नी	ले/काले जन्मन	बाल प्वाईट	पेन का	ही इस्तेम	ाल करे न नेनन -	। जन्म जन
10.	Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen. Use of any calculator or log table etc., is prohibited.	11.	ाकसा भा पयोग वर्षि	्रप्रकार व जेत है ।	१। संगणक (व	कलकुलट	ર) યા ભાગ	। ୯ବ୯ ଏ	બાાલ વગ
12	There is no negative marks for incorrect answers.	12.	गलत उत्त	<u>रों के लि</u>	ए कोई नकारा	त्मक अंव	<u> त्र नहीं हैं</u> ।		
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COMPUTER SCIENCE PAPER – III

Note : This paper contains seventy five (75) objective type questions of two (2) marks each. All questions are compulsory.

1. A hierarchical memory system that uses cache memory has cache access time of 50 nano seconds, main memory access time of 300 nano seconds, 75% of memory requests are for read, hit ratio of 0.8 for read access and the write-through scheme is used. What will be the average access time of the system both for read and write requests ?

- (A) 157.5 n.sec. (B) 110 n.sec.
- (C) 75 n.sec. (D) 82.5 n.sec.
- 2. For switching from a CPU user mode to the supervisor mode following type of interrupt is most appropriate
 - (A) Internal interrupts (B) External interrupts
 - (C) Software interrupts (D) None of the above
- **3.** In a dot matrix printer the time to print a character is 6 m.sec., time to space in between characters is 2 m.sec., and the number of characters in a line are 200. The printing speed of the dot matrix printer in characters per second and the time to print a character line are given by which of the following options ?
 - (A) 125 chars/second and 0.8 seconds
 - (B) 250 chars/second and 0.6 seconds
 - (C) 166 chars/second and 0.8 seconds
 - (D) 250 chars/second and 0.4 seconds
- 4. Match the following 8085 instructions with the flags :

	List – I				List – II		
a.	XCHG		i.	only ca	rry flag is affected.		
b.	SUB		ii.	no flags	are affected.		
c.	STC		iii.	all flags	s other than carry flag are affected.		
d.	. DCR iv.		iv.	all flags are affected.			
Co	des :						
	а	b	c	d			
(A)) iv	i	iii	ii			
(B)	iii	ii	i	iv			
(C)	ii	iii	i	iv			
(D)) ii	iv	i	iii			

5. How many times will the following loop be executed ?

	LAI B, 0007 H		
LOP	: DCX B		
	MOV A, B		
	ORA C		
	JNZ LOP		
(A)	05	(B)	07
(C)	09	(D)	00

6. Specify the contents of the accumulator and the status of the S, Z and CY flags when 8085 microprocessor performs addition of 87 H and 79 H.

(A)	11, 1, 1, 1	(B)	10, 0, 1, 0
(C)	01, 1, 0, 0	(D)	00, 0, 1, 1

7. Location transparency allows :

- I. Users to treat the data as if it is done at one location.
- II. Programmers to treat the data as if it is at one location.

III. Managers to treat the data as if it is at one location.

Which one of the following is correct?

- (A) I, II and III(B) I and II only(C) II and III only(D) II only
- 8. Which of the following is correct ?
 - I. Two phase locking is an optimistic protocol.
 - II. Two phase locking is pessimistic protocol
 - III. Time stamping is an optimistic protocol.
 - IV. Time stamping is pessimistic protocol.
 - (A) I and III (B) II and IV
 - (C) I and IV (D) II and III

9. _____ rules used to limit the volume of log information that has to be handled and processed in the event of system failure involving the loss of volatile information.

- (A) Write-ahead log (B) Check-pointing
- (C) Log buffer (D) Thomas
- 10. Let R = ABCDE is a relational scheme with functional dependency set F = {A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, AC \rightarrow D}. The attribute closures of A and E are

(A)	ABCD, ø	(B)	ABCD, E
(C)	Φ, ϕ	(D)	ABC, E

- **11.** Consider the following statements :
 - I. Re-construction operation used in mixed fragmentation satisfies commutative rule.

II. Re-construction operation used in vertical fragmentation satisfies commutative rule Which of the following is correct ?

(A) I

- (B) II
- (C) Both are correct
- (D) None of the statements are correct.
- **12.** Which of the following is false ?
 - (A) Every binary relation is never be in BCNF.
 - (B) Every BCNF relation is in 3NF.
 - (C) 1 NF, 2 NF, 3 NF and BCNF are based on functional dependencies.
 - (D) Multivalued Dependency (MVD) is a special case of Join Dependency (JD).

13. Which of the following categories of languages do not refer to animation languages ?

- (A) Graphical languages (B) General-purpose languages
- (C) Linear-list notations (D) None of the above
- **14.** Match the following :

		List	– I			List – II
a. T	ablet	, Joys	tick		i.	Continuous devices
b. L	ight I	Pen, T	Touch	Screen	ii.	Direct devices
c. Locator, Keyboard						Logical devices
d. D	d. Data Globe, Sonic Pen					3D interaction devices
Codes :						
	a	b	c	d		
(A)	ii	i	iv	iii		
(B)	i	iv	iii	ii		
(C)	i	ii	iii	iv		
(D)	iv	iii	ii	i		

15. A technique used to approximate halftones without reducing spatial resolution is known as

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(C)	Error diffusion	(D)	None of the above	
(A)	Halftoning	(B)	Dithering	

Consider a triangle represented by A(0, 0), B(1, 1), C(5, 2). The triangle is rotated by 45 16. degrees about a point P(-1, -1). The co-ordinates of the new triangle obtained after rotation shall be _____

(A) A'
$$(-1, \sqrt{2} - 1)$$
, B' $(-1, 2\sqrt{2} - 1)$, C' $(\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{2} - 1, \frac{9}{2}\sqrt{2} - 1)$
(B) A' $(\sqrt{2} - 1, -1)$, B' $(2\sqrt{2} - 1, -1)$, C' $(\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{2} - 1, \frac{9}{2}\sqrt{2} - 1)$

(C) A'
$$(-1, \sqrt{2} - 1)$$
, B' $(2\sqrt{2} - 1, -1)$, C' $(\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{2} - 1, \frac{9}{2}\sqrt{2} - 1)$
(D) A' $(-1, \sqrt{2} - 1)$, B' $(2\sqrt{2} - 1, -1)$, C' $(\frac{9}{2}\sqrt{2} - 1, \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{2} - 1)$

17. In Cyrus-Beck algorithm for line clipping the value of t parameter is computed by the relation :

(Here P_1 and P_2 are the two end points of the line, f is a point on the boundary, n_1 is inner normal)

(A)	$\frac{(\mathbf{P}_1 - \mathbf{f}_i) \cdot \mathbf{n}_i}{(\mathbf{P}_2 - \mathbf{P}_1) \cdot \mathbf{n}_i}$	(B)	$\frac{(\mathbf{f}_{i} - \mathbf{P}_{1}) \cdot \mathbf{n}_{i}}{(\mathbf{P}_{2} - \mathbf{P}_{1}) \cdot \mathbf{n}_{i}}$
(C)	$\frac{(\textbf{P}_2 - \textbf{f}_i) \cdot \textbf{n}_i}{(\textbf{P}_1 - \textbf{P}_2) \cdot \textbf{n}_i}$	(D)	$\frac{(\boldsymbol{f}_i - \boldsymbol{P}_2) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_i}{(\boldsymbol{P}_1 - \boldsymbol{P}_2) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_i}$

i.

18. Match the following :

a.	Caval	lier	Proj	ection

- b. Cabinet Projection
- **Isometric Projection** c.
- d. Orthographic Projection

Codes :

	а	b	С	d
(A)	i	iii	iv	ii
(B)	ii	iii	i	iv
(C)	iv	ii	iii	i
(D)	i	ii	iii	iv

The direction of projection is chosen so that there is no foreshortening of lines perpendicular to the xy plane.

- ii. The direction of projection is chosen so that lines perpendicular to the xy planes are foreshortened by half their lengths.
- iii. The direction of projection makes equal angles with all of the principal axis.
- iv. Projections are characterized by the fact that the direction of projection is perpendicular to the view plane.

- **19.** Consider the following statements S1, S2 and S3 :
 - S1: In call-by-value, anything that is passed into a function call is unchanged in the caller's scope when the function returns.
 - S2: In call-by-reference, a function receives implicit reference to a variable used as argument.
 - S3: In call-by-reference, caller is unable to see the modified variable used as argument.
 - (A) S3 and S2 are true. (B) S3 and S1 are true.
 - (C) S2 and S1 are true. (D) S1, S2, S3 are true.
- **20.** How many tokens will be generated by the scanner for the following statement ? x = x * (a + b) 5;
 - (A) 12 (B) 11
 - (C) 10 (D) 07
- **21.** Which of the following statements is not true ?
 - (A) MPI_Isend and MPI_Irecv are non-blocking message passing routines of MPI.
 - (B) MPI_Issend and MPI_Ibsend are non-blocking message passing routines of MPI.
 - (C) MPI_Send and MPI_Recv are non-blocking message passing routines of MPI.
 - (D) MPI_Ssend and MPI_Bsend are blocking message passing routines of MPI.

22. The pushdown automation $M = (\{q_0, q_1, q_2\}, \{a, b\}, \{0, 1\}, \delta, q_0, 0, \{q_0\})$ with

 $\delta(\mathbf{q}_0, \mathbf{a}, 0) = \{(\mathbf{q}_1, 10)\}$

 $\delta(\mathbf{q}_1, \mathbf{a}, 1) = \{(\mathbf{q}_1, 11)\}\$

- $\delta(\mathbf{q}_1, \mathbf{b}, 1) = \{(\mathbf{q}_2, \lambda)\}$
- $\delta(q_2, b, 1) = \{(q_2, \lambda)\}$
- $\delta(\mathbf{q}_2, \lambda, 0) = \{(\mathbf{q}_0, \lambda)\}$

Accepts the language

- (A) $L = \{a^n b^m | n, m \ge 0\}$ (B) $L = \{a^n b^n | n \ge 0\}$ (C) $L = \{a^n b^m | n, m > 0\}$ (D) $L = \{a^n b^n | n > 0\}$
- **23.** Given two languages :
 - $L_1 = \{(ab)^n \ a^k \mid n > k, \ k \ge 0\}$
 - $L_2 = \{a^n b^m \mid n \neq m\}$

Using pumping lemma for regular language, it can be shown that

- (A) L_1 is regular and L_2 is not regular.
- (B) L_1 is not regular and L_2 is regular.
- (C) L_1 is regular and L_2 is regular.
- (D) L_1 is not regular and L_2 is not regular.

24. Regular expression for the complement of language $L = \{a^n b^m | n \ge 4, m \le 3\}$ is

- (A) $(a + b)^* ba(a + b)^*$
- (B) a* bbbbb*
- (C) $(\lambda + a + aa + aaa)b^* + (a + b)^* ba(a + b)^*$
- (D) None of the above

- **25.** For n devices in a network, _____ number of duplex-mode links are required for a mesh topology.
 - (A) n(n+1)(B) n(n-1)(C) n(n+1)/2(D) n(n-1)/2
- **26.** How many characters per second (7 bits + 1 parity) can be transmitted over a 3200 bps line if the transfer is asynchronous ? (Assuming 1 start bit and 1 stop bit)
 - (A) 300 (B) 320
 - (C) 360 (D) 400

27. Which of the following is not a field in TCP header ?

- (A) Sequence number (B) Fragment offset
- (C) Checksum (D) Window size

28. What is the propagation time if the distance between the two points is 48,000 ? Assume the propagation speed to be 2.4×10^8 metre/second in cable.

- (A) 0.5 ms (B) 20 ms
- (C) 50 ms (D) 200 ms
- **29.** ______ is a bit-oriented protocol for communication over point-to-point and multipoint links.
 - (A) Stop-and-wait(B) HDLC(C) Sliding window(D) Go-back-N
- **30.** Which one of the following is true for asymmetric-key cryptography ?

(A) Private key is kept by the receiver and public key is announced to the public.

- (B) Public key is kept by the receiver and private key is announced to the public.
- (C) Both private key and public key are kept by the receiver.
- (D) Both private key and public key are announced to the public.
- 31. Any decision tree that sorts n elements has height

(A)	$\Omega(n)$	(B)	$\Omega(lgn)$
(C)	$\Omega(nlgn)$	(D)	$\Omega(n^2)$

32. Match the following :

			List – II			
a.	Bucke	et sort			i.	$O(n^3lgn)$
b.	Matri	x chai	n mul	tiplication	ii.	O(n ³)
c.	Huffn	nan co	iii.	O(nlgn)		
d.	All pa	airs sh	paths	iv.	O(n)	
Codes :						
	a	b	c	d		
(A) iv	ii	i	iii		
(B)) ii	iv	i	iii		
(C)) iv	ii	iii	i		
(D) iii	ii	iv	i		

- **33.** We can show that the clique problem is NP-hard by proving that
 - (A) $CLIQUE \leq P 3-CNF_SAT$
 - (B) $CLIQUE \leq P VERTEX_COVER$
 - (C) $CLIQUE \leq P SUBSET_SUM$
 - (D) None of the above
- **34.** Dijkstra algorithm, which solves the single-source shortest--paths problem, is a ______, and the Floyd-Warshall algorithm, which finds shortest paths between all pairs of vertices, is a ______
 - (A) Greedy algorithm, Divide-conquer algorithm
 - (B) Divide-conquer algorithm, Greedy algorithm
 - (C) Greedy algorithm, Dynamic programming algorithm
 - (D) Dynamic programming algorithm, Greedy algorithm
- **35.** Consider the problem of a chain $\langle A_1, A_2, A_3 \rangle$ of three matrices. Suppose that the dimensions of the matrices are 10×100 , 100×5 and 5×50 respectively. There are two different ways of parenthesization : (i) ($(A_1 A_2)A_3$) and (ii) ($A_1(A_2 A_3)$). Computing the product according to the first parenthesization is _____ times faster in comparison to the second parenthesization.
 - (A) 5 (B) 10 (C) 100
 - (C) 20 (D) 100
- **36.** Suppose that we have numbers between 1 and 1000 in a binary search tree and we want to search for the number 365. Which of the following sequences could not be the sequence of nodes examined ?
 - (A) 4, 254, 403, 400, 332, 346, 399, 365
 - (B) 926, 222, 913, 246, 900, 260, 364, 365
 - (C) 927, 204,913, 242, 914, 247, 365
 - (D) 4, 401, 389, 221, 268, 384, 383, 280, 365
- **37.** Which methods are utilized to control the access to an object in multi-threaded programming ?
 - (A) Asynchronized methods (B) Synchronized methods
 - (C) Serialized methods (D) None of the above
- **38.** How to express that some person keeps animals as pets ?



39. Converting a primitive type data into its corresponding wrapper class object instance is called

(B)

Wrapping

- (A) Boxing
- (C) Instantiation (D) Autoboxing
- 40. The behaviour of the document elements in XML can be defined by
 - (A) Using document object
 - (B) Registering appropriate event handlers
 - (C) Using element object
 - (D) All of the above
- **41.** What is true about UML stereotypes ?
 - (A) Stereotype is used for extending the UML language.
 - (B) Stereotyped class must be abstract
 - (C) The stereotype indicates that the UML element cannot be changed
 - (D) UML profiles can be stereotyped for backward compatibility
- **42.** Which method is called first by an applet program ?
 - (A) start() (B) run()
 - (C) init() (D) begin()
- **43.** Which one of the following is not a source code metric ?
 - (A) Halstead metric (B) Function point metric
 - (C) Complexity metric (D) Length metric

44. To compute function points (FP), the following relationship is used $FP = Count - total \times (0.65 + 0.01 \times \Sigma(F_i))$ where F_i (i = 1 to n) are value adjustment factors (VAF) based on n questions. The value of n is (A) 12 (B) 14

- (C) 16 (D) 18
- **45.** Assume that the software team defines a project risk with 80% probability of occurrence of risk in the following manner :

Only 70 percent of the software components scheduled for reuse will be integrated into the application and the remaining functionality will have to be custom developed. If 60 reusable components were planned with average component size as 100 LOC and software engineering cost for each LOC as \$ 14, then the risk exposure would be

- (A) \$25,200 (B) \$20,160
- (C) \$17,640 (D) \$15,120
- **46.** Maximum possible value of reliability is
 - (A) 100 (B) 10 (C) 1 (D) 0
 - (C) 1 (D) 0
- 47. 'FAN IN' of a component A is defined as
 - (A) Count of the number of components that can call, or pass control, to a component A
 - (B) Number of components related to component A
 - (C) Number of components dependent on component A
 - (D) None of the above

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- **48.** Temporal cohesion means
 - (A) Coincidental cohesion
 - (B) Cohesion between temporary variables
 - (C) Cohesion between local variables
 - (D) Cohesion with respect to time
- **49.** Various storage devices used by an operating system can be arranged as follows in increasing order of accessing speed :
 - (A) Magnetic tapes → magnetic disks → optical disks → electronic disks → main memory → cache → registers
 - (B) Magnetic tapes → magnetic disks → electronic disks → optical disks → main memory → cache → registers
 - (C) Magnetic tapes \rightarrow electronic disks \rightarrow magnetic disks \rightarrow optical disks \rightarrow main memory \rightarrow cache \rightarrow registers
 - (D) Magnetic tapes → optical disks → magnetic disks → electronic disks → main memory → cache → registers
- **50.** How many disk blocks are required to keep list of free disk blocks in a 16 GB hard disk with 1 kB block size using linked list of free disk blocks ? Assume that the disk block number is stored in 32 bits.
 - (A) 1024 blocks (B) 16794 blocks
 - (C) 20000 blocks (D) 1048576 blocks

51. Consider an imaginary disk with 40 cylinders. A request come to read a block on cylinder 11. While the seek to cylinder 11 is in progress, new requests come in for cylinders 1, 36, 16, 34, 9 and 12 in that order. The number of arm motions using shortest seek first algorithm is

- (A) 111 (B) 112 (C) 60 (D) 61
- **52.** An operating system has 13 tape drives. There are three processes P1, P2 & P3. Maximum requirement of P1 is 11 tape drives, P2 is 5 tape drives and P3 is 8 tape drives. Currently, P1 is allocated 6 tape drives, P2 is allocated 3 tape drives and P3 is allocated 2 tape drives. Which of the following sequences represent a safe state ?
 - (A)
 P2 P1 P3
 (B)
 P2 P3 P1

 (C)
 P1 P2 P3
 (D)
 P1 P3 P2
- 53. Monitor is an Interprocess Communication (IPC) technique which can be described as
 - (A) It is higher level synchronization primitive and is a collection of procedures, variables, and data structures grouped together in a special package.
 - (B) It is a non-negative integer which apart from initialization can be acted upon by wait and signal operations.
 - (C) It uses two primitives, send and receive which are system calls rather than language constructs.
 - (D) It consists of the IPC primitives implemented as system calls to block the process when they are not allowed to enter critical region to save CPU time.

Paper-III

- 54. In a distributed computing environment, distributed shared memory is used which is
 - (A) Logical combination of virtual memories on the nodes.
 - (B) Logical combination of physical memories on the nodes.
 - (C) Logical combination of the secondary memories on all the nodes.
 - (D) All of the above

55. Equivalent logical expression for the Well Formed Formula (WFF),

- $\sim(\forall x) \mathbf{F}[x]$
- is

(A) $\forall x (\sim F[x])$ (B) $\sim (\exists x) F[x]$ (C) $\exists x (\sim F[x])$ (D) $\forall x F[x]$

- **56.** An A* algorithm is a heuristic search technique which
 - An A* algorithm is a heuristic search technique which
 (A) is like a depth-first search where most promising child is selected for expansion
 - (B) generates all successor nodes and computes an estimate of distance (cost) from start node to a goal node through each of the successors. It then chooses the successor with shortest cost.
 - (C) saves all path lengths (costs) from start node to all generated nodes and chooses shortest path for further expansion.
 - (D) none of the above

57. The resolvent of the set of clauses

 $(A \lor B, \neg A \lor D, C \lor \neg B)$ is

(A)	$A \lor B$	(B)	$C \lor D$
(C)	$A \lor C$	(D)	$A \lor D$

58. Match the following :

c. Frames

a.	Script	i.	Directed graph with labelled nodes for
			graphical representation of knowledge
b.	Conceptual Dependencies	ii.	Knowledge about objects and events is

- ies ii. Knowledge about objects and events is stored in record-like structures consisting of slots and slot values.
 - iii. Primitive concepts and rules to represent natural language statements
 - iv. Frame like structures used to represent stereotypical patterns for commonly occurring events in terms of actors, roles, props and scenes

Codes :						
	а	b	с	d		
(A)	iv	ii	i	iii		
(B)	iv	iii	ii	i		
(C)	ii	iii	iv	i		
(D)	i	iii	iv	ii		

d. Associative Network

59. Match the following components of an expert system :

a.	I/O interface	i.	Accepts user's queries and responds to question through I/O interface
b.	Explanation module	ii.	Contains facts and rules about the domain
c.	Inference engine	iii.	Gives the user, the ability to follow inferencing steps at any time during consultation
d.	Knowledge base	iv.	Permits the user to communicate with the system in a natural way

Codes :

	а	b	С	d
(A)	i	iii	iv	ii
(B)	iv	iii	i	ii
(C)	i	iii	ii	iv
(D)	iv	i	iii	ii

- 60. A computer based information system is needed :
 - I. as it is difficult for administrative staff to process data.
 - II. due to rapid growth of information and communication technology.
 - III. due to growing size of organizations which need to process large volume of data.
 - IV. as timely and accurate decisions are to be taken.

Which of the above statement(s) is/are true ?

- (A) I and II
- (B) III and IV
- (C) II and III
- $(D) \quad II \ and \ IV$
- 61. Given the recursively enumerable language (L_{RE}) , the context sensitive language (L_{CS}) , the recursive language (L_{REC}) , the context free language (L_{CF}) and deterministic context free language (L_{DCF}) . The relationship between these families is given by
 - (A) $L_{CF} \subseteq L_{DCF} \subseteq L_{CS} \subseteq L_{RE} \subseteq L_{REC}$
 - $(B) \quad L_{CF} \subseteq L_{DCF} \subseteq L_{CS} \subseteq L_{REC} \subseteq L_{RE}$
 - (C) $L_{DCF} \subseteq L_{CF} \subseteq L_{CS} \subseteq L_{RE} \subseteq L_{REC}$
 - (D) $L_{DCF} \subseteq L_{CF} \subseteq L_{CS} \subseteq L_{REC} \subseteq L_{RE}$

62. Match the following :

List – I

- Context free grammar a.
- b. Regular grammar
- c. Context sensitive grammar
- d. Unrestricted grammar

Codes :

	а	b	с	d
(A)	ii	iv	iii	i
(B)	ii	iv	i	iii
(C)	iv	i	ii	iii
(D)	i	iv	iii	ii

List – II

- i. Linear bounded automaton
- ii. Pushdown automaton
 - iii. Turing machine
 - iv. Deterministic finite automaton

63. According to pumping lemma for context free languages : Let L be an infinite context free language, then there exists some positive integer m such

that any $w \in L$ with $|w| \ge m$ can be decomposed as $w = u \lor x \lor z$

- (A) with $|vxy| \le m$ such that $uv^i xy^i z \in L$ for all i = 0, 1, 2
- (B) with $|vxy| \le m$, and $|vy| \ge 1$, such that $uv^i xy^i z \in L$ for all $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
- (C) with $|vxy| \ge m$, and $|vy| \le 1$, such that $uv^i xy^i z \in L$ for all $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
- (D) with $|vxy| \ge m$, and $|vy| \ge 1$, such that $uv^i xy^i z \in L$ for all $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

Given two spatial masks 64.

 $S_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } S_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -8 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

The Laplacian of an image at all points (x, y) can be implemented by convolving the image with spatial mask. Which of the following can be used as the spatial mask?

- (A) only S_1 **(B)** only S_2
- (C) Both S_1 and S_2 (D) None of these
- 65. Given a simple image of size 10×10 whose histogram models the symbol probabilities and is given by

p_1	p_2	p ₃	p_4
a	b	с	d

The first order estimate of image entropy is maximum when

(A)	a = 0, b = 0, c = 0, d = 1	(B)	$a = \frac{1}{2}, b = \frac{1}{2}, c = 0, d = 0$
(C)	$a = \frac{1}{3}, b = \frac{1}{3}, c = \frac{1}{3}, d = 0$	(D)	$a = \frac{1}{4}, b = \frac{1}{4}, c = \frac{1}{4}, d = \frac{1}{4}$

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66. A Butterworth lowpass filter of order n, with a cutoff frequency at distance D_0 from the origin, has the transfer function H(u, v) given by



- **67.** If an artificial variable is present in the 'basic variable' column of optimal simplex table, then the solution is
 - (A) Optimum (B) Infeasible
 - (C) Unbounded (D) Degenerate
- 68. The occurrence of degeneracy while solving a transportation problem means that
 - (A) total supply equals total demand
 - (B) total supply does not equal total demand
 - (C) the solution so obtained is not feasible
 - (D) none of these
- **69.** Five men are available to do five different jobs. From past records, the time (in hours) that each man takes to do each job is known and is given in the following table :

		JODS					
		Ι	II	III	IV	V	
	Р	2	9	2	7	1	
	Q	6	8	7	6	1	
Men	R	4	6	5	3	1	
	S	4	2	7	3	1	
	Т	5	3	9	5	1	

Find out the minimum time required to complete all the jobs.

- (A) 5 (B) 11
- (C) 13 (D) 15
- 70. Consider the following statements about a perception :
 - I. Feature detector can be any function of the input parameters.
 - II. Learning procedure only adjusts the connection weights to the output layer.

Identify the correct statement out of the following :

- (A) I is false and II is false. (B) I is true and II is false.
- (C) I is false and II is true. (D) I is true and II is true.

71. A _____ point of a fuzzy set A is a point $x \in X$ at which $\mu_A(x) = 0.5$

(A)	core	(B)	support
(\mathbf{O})			ort

- (C) crossover (D) α -cut
- **72.** Match the following learning modes w.r.t. characteristics of available information for learning :

a.	Super	rvised		i.	Instructive information on desired responses, explicitly specified by a teacher.
b.	Reco	rding		ii.	A priori design information for memory storing
c. Reinforcement iii		iii.	Partial information about desired responses, or only "right" or "wrong" evaluative information		
d.	d. Unsupervised iv		iv.	No information about desired responses	
Co	odes :				
	а	b	c	d	
(A) i	ii	iii	iv	
(B)) i	iii	ii	iv	
(C) ii	iv	iii	i	

- **73.** Which of the following versions of Windows O.S. contain built-in partition manager which allows us to shrink and expand pre-defined drives ?
 - (A) Windows Vista (B) Windows 2000
 - (C) Windows NT (D) Windows 98
- 74. A Trojan horse is

(D) ii

iii

iv

i

- (A) A program that performs a legitimate function that is known to an operating system or its user and also has a hidden component that can be used for nefarious purposes like attacks on message security or impersonation.
- (B) A piece of code that can attach itself to other programs in the system and spread to other systems when programs are copied or transferred.
- (C) A program that spreads to other computer systems by exploiting security holes like weaknesses in facilities for creation of remote processes
- (D) All of the above
- **75.** Which of the following computing models is not an example of distributed computing environment ?
 - (A) Cloud computing (B) Parallel computing
 - (C) Cluster computing (D) Peer-to-peer computing

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Space For Rough Work