

**ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), BANGALORE-27**  
**MID-SEMESTER TEST - AUGUST-2016**  
**M.Sc. MATHEMATICS – III SEMESTER**  
**MT DE 9516 : NUMERICAL ANALYSIS**

Time: 1 hour

Max Marks: 20

Answer any FOUR questions.

4 × 5 = 20

1. Apply Runge-kutta fourth order method to find an approximate value of  $y$  when

$x = 0.2$  in the steps of 0.1 given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$  and  $y = 1$  when  $x = 0$ .

2. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - z; y(0) = 1$   
 choose  $h = 0.05$  and obtain the solution at  $x = 0.05$ .  
 $\frac{dz}{dx} = z - y; z(0) = 1$

Find the exact solution.

3. Solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 5\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = e^x; y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1$ . Use classical Runge-kutta method of 2<sup>nd</sup> order (explicit) and obtain the solution at  $x = 0.05$ .
4. Derive the general form of the Adam-Bashforth predictor method.
5. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2; y(0) = 1$ , obtain the solution at  $x = 0.1$  by Adam's predictor-corrector method of 2<sup>nd</sup> order. Use Runge-kutta 2<sup>nd</sup> order explicit method to find the require unknown values.  $h = 0.05$
6. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y^2; y(0) = 1$  to find  $y(0.2)$  by Adam's method. Starting solutions required are to be obtained using Runge-kutta method of 4<sup>th</sup> order using the step value  $h = 0.1$