

## ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), BENGALURU -27 UG – III SEMESTER (OPEN ELECTIVE) SEMESTER EXAMINATION: OCTOBER 2022 (Examination conducted in December 2022) CHOE-3 – Cosmetics and Personal Care Products

Time: 1 ½ Hours Max Marks: 60

This paper contains SEVEN printed pages.

Answer ALL the questions. Each Question carries one mark.
<ul> <li>1. The Drug and Cosmetic Act was passed in</li> <li>a) 10<sup>th</sup> April 1940</li> <li>b) 10<sup>th</sup> May 1941</li> <li>c) 10<sup>th</sup> March 1945</li> <li>d) 10<sup>th</sup> June 1947</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>Which of the following animals is not used in testing cosmetics?</li> <li>a) Rabbit b) Rat c) Mice d) Monkeys</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>3. How do you know if a cosmetic product is not tested on animals?</li> <li>a) Online certified cruelty database</li> <li>b) Cruelty free bunny logo</li> <li>c) Email the company and ask</li> <li>d) All of these</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4. Classification of cosmetic based on physical form</li> <li>a) Emulsion</li> <li>b) Powder</li> <li>c) Jellies</li> <li>d) All of the above</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>5. Use of lycopene in herbal cosmetics is</li> <li>a) colorant</li> <li>b) anti-ageing</li> <li>c) antioxidant</li> <li>d) sweetener</li> </ul>
Which of the following is a cosmetic brand?     a) Lee b) PepsiCo c) Unilever d) Nestle
<ul> <li>7. According to the packaging quality control of cosmetics, cracked neck of bottle is a type of defect.</li> <li>a) critical</li> <li>b) minor</li> </ul>
b) minor  CHOE 3_B_22  1

	•	major all of these			
	Shade matching is one of the important aspects ofquality control cosmetics.  a) raw material and packaging material b) finished product c) microbiological d) production line				
9.	a) b) c)	nich among the for density viscosity both a & b none of the abo	ollowing is finished pro	duct quality control tes	st?
10	a) b) c)	to establish star to ensure that the standard specific	osmetics quality contro ndards of quality which ne customers are prov ications. entify process faults ar	are acceptable to cor ided with products wh	ich conform with the
11	a) b) c)	e type of perfumo parfum eau de toilette eau de parfum eau de fraiche	e with highest concent	ration of odoriferous c	ompound is
12.		essential oil obt	ained from sperm wha b) muscone	les is c) ambergris	d) eugenol
13.	a) b) c)	word "perfume" for women through smoke fragrance for nose	originally comes from	"per fumare", which m	eans?
14.	Eau a) b) c) d)	de toilette is a ty 8 12 4 Less than 2	ype of perfume whose	fragrance lasts for	hours.

15.	The agent that gives colour to hair is  a) hibiscus b) henna c) shikakai d) arnica
16. (	Cetrimonium bromide is a type of ingredient in conditioners.  a) cationic surfactants b) silicones c) thickener d) preservative
17.	The class of conditioners sold as thicker creams are a) regular rinse off conditioners b) leave in products c) intensive treatment conditioners d) all of these
18.	The best source of spermidine which prolongs the active phase of hair growth is a) soyabean b) meat c) avocados d) fatty fish
19.	Hair nutrition process includes usage of fatty fish as it is a rich source of a) vitamin C b) omega-3 fatty acids c) vitamin E d) biotin
20.	Which of the following is an incorrect hair care procedure?  a) Wash oily hair frequently b) Concentrate conditioner on the scalp c) Use a hot oil treatment twice a month d) Use conditioner after every shampoo
21.	The structure that supplies the hair root with blood is  a) medulla  b) cuticle  c) cortex  d) papilla

22.	Loss of layer of hair causes split ends. a) cuticle b) shaft c) medulla d) cortex						
23.	Chemical treatments given to hair are a) perming b) bleaching c) permanent dyeing d) all of these						
24.	Zinc pyrithine in shampoo is used as a) conditioner b) cleanser c) antidandruff agent d) detergent						
25.	The most frequently used surfactant in shampoo is a) anionic b) cationic c) non-ionic d) all of these						
26.	Which of the following is not a quality control test for shampoo?  a) dirt dispersion b) eye-irritancy test c) streaking d) pH						
	7. The light and dark shades of skin differ by the  a) number of epidermal cells  b) amount of melanin  c) number of melanocytes  d) number of nerve endings						
28.	28. What are emollients? a) Moisturizers b) Cleansers c) Face wash d) Scrubs						
29.	The study of skin including its structure, functions and treatment is termed as a) etiology b) anatomy c) pathology d) dermatology						
30.	Which part of the skin is referred as 'true skin'? a) Dermis b) Epidermis c) Stratum corneum d) Spinosum						
	Which among the following is the function of sebum gland?  a) To carry melanin b) To produce sweat c) To give skin elasticity d) To keep skin from drying and chapping						
	The ways to protect the skin from sun rays is to ) stay out of the sun during peak hours						

b) wear protective clothing and a hat

	,	wear sunscreen with an SPF of at least 30 all of these					
		hat are the causes Sunburn	=	c) Skin cancer	d) All of these		
34	. Hc	ow does skin lose i	its natural moisture co	ntent?			
	a)	Aging	b) Daily activities	c) Washing	d) All of these		
35	a) b) c)	Disturizer prevents middle layer inner layer outer layer intermediate laye	the water loss throug	h the			
36			ig is not a toiletry? shave c) Tooth paste	d) Sunscreen			
37	a) b) c)	What does PCP stand for?  a) Petroleum care products b) Professional care products c) Personal care products d) Public care products					
38			manufacture of nail pob) nitrocellulose c)		d) ethyl tosylamide		
39			agent used in lip tibacterial c) colour		ient		
40	a)	Low retention of Should be volate Smooth and east	ile	?			
41		•	added to last manicur b) methylparaben	_	cetone d) camphor		
42			agent used in intifungal c) ant	-	d) thickening		
43		hich bugs are crus Cockroach	shed to make pigment b) Carmine bugs c	-	s d) Butterflies		
					CHOE 3_B_22		

44. The tiny reflective particles added to make nail polish shimmer is a) mica b) resin c) benzophenone d) acetone
<ul> <li>45. The American Dental Association recommends brushing teeth with fluoride toothpaste a day.</li> <li>a) once</li> <li>b) twice</li> <li>c) thrice</li> <li>d) less than five times</li> </ul>
<ul><li>46. The destruction of the ligaments and bone that support the teeth, often leading to tooth loss is termed as</li><li>a) cavities</li><li>b) halitosis</li><li>c) periodontitis</li><li>d) gingivitis</li></ul>
47. Colgate is a product of a) Palmolive b) Uniliver c) GSK d) Dabur
48. Bristles of tooth brushes are made of a) nylon-6 b) nylon-6,6 c) polystyrene d) PVC
49 removes the stain from teeth.  a) Desensitizing agents b) Abrasives c) Endodontic therapy d) None of these
50. Root canal therapy involves  a) whitening of tooth b) cleaning and filling of pulp c) removing of stain d) polishing
51. Which of the following is used in the preparation of dental products?  a) Clove b) Mentha c) Cinnamon d) All of these
<ul><li>52. The composition of essential oils depends on</li><li>a) species</li><li>b) region grown</li><li>c) age of tree</li><li>d) all of these</li></ul>
53. Which among the following is not a cosmetic product?  a) Eyedrops b) Eyeliner c) Mascara d) Eyeshadow

54. Which of the following is not an herbal cosmetic ingredient?					ngredient?			
	a)	Henna	b) Aloever	a c) E	DTA	d) Tu	rmeric	
55.	a) b) c)	Protects s Reduces i	benefits of kin from surisk of skin of reat psorias e	n damage cancer				
56.			s are extrac b) soil		d) sod	а		
57.			•			_	agent in perfun d) Ambergris	nes?
58.			is used to object is used to object to be			-		
59.			nstituent pre b) eugenol				2	
60.			synthetic es b) Phenyl				<i>i</i> ing. d) Ambergris	