Registration Number: Date & session:



ST. JOSEPH'S UNIVERSITY, BENGALURU -27 M.Sc. (BIG DATA ANALYTICS) – I SEMESTER **SEMESTER EXAMINATION: OCTOBER 2023** (Examination Conducted in November/December 2023) **BDA 1221 – PROBABILITY & STOCHASTIC PROCESSES** (For current batch students only)

Time: 2 Hours

This paper contains TWO printed pages and THREE parts Max Marks: 50 Part A

2 X 5 = 10

Answer All the questions

- 1 The probability of passing a test is 1/4. Suppose 3 students take this test. What is the probability that at least one will pass?
- 2 If X has the Binomial distribution with n=12 and p = 1/12. What is the expectation and standard deviation of X?
- 3 A die is rolled thrice. What is the probability that the sum on the three faces is 4
- 4 Write down the expansion of P (AUBUC)
- 5 Sketch a picture to explain the two types of errors in hypothesis testing

PART B

Answer any FIVE questions

- If two students in a class share the same birthday, we call it a 'match'. If a class has 6 20 students, is the probability of a match greater than or less than ½? What will be this probability if the class has 30 students?
- 7 Discuss how the Standard Normal, Chi Square and F tests are related? Which test do we use in ANOVA and whv?
- How is the Central Limit Theorem useful in testing of hypotheses? 8
- 9 Bag I contain 4 white and 6 black balls; Bag 2 contains 4 white and 3 black balls. One ball is drawn at random from one of the bags and it is found to be black. Find the probability that it was drawn from Bag I.
- 10 Distinguish between parametric and non-parametric tests. Which one would you choose, and when?
- 11 What is the 'Markovian property'? How is this property useful in modelling stochastic processes?
- 12 Imagine that every day in Bangalore is either 'sunny', 'cloudy' and 'rainy'. Sketch a Markov chain showing any typical transition between these states.

A

PART C

nswer Any TWO questions		2 X 10 =20
13(a)	Distinguish between finite, countably infinite and uncountable sets.	6
(b)	Connect this discussion to probability distributions, by comparing the binomial and the normal distributions	4
14(a)	Explain the idea of a one-step and two-step probability transition matrix.	3

5 X 4 = 20

(b)	If P(1) and P(2) are, respectively, the one-step and two-step probability transition matrices of a 3-state Markov chain, then show that $P(1)*P(1) = P(2)$ [4]	4
(c)	Explain the idea of a steady state Markov process	3
15(a)	Discuss, with illustrations, the rationale of testing a statistical hypothesis. How do we choose the null and alternate hypotheses? Distinguish between one-sided and two-sided tests.	4
15(b)	How do we compute the testing hypothesis, what is the p-value, and what is its role in accepting or rejecting the hypothesis?	6