



Registration Number:

Date & session:

ST JOSEPH'S UNIVERSITY, BENGALURU -27
M.Sc (CHEMISTRY) – 2nd SEMESTER
SEMESTER EXAMINATION: APRIL 2024
(Examination conducted in May / June 2024)
CH 8122 – INORGANIC CHEMISTRY II
(For current batch students only)

Time: 2 Hours

Max Marks: 50

This paper contains TWO printed pages and THREE parts

PART-A

Answer any EIGHT of the following questions.

8 X 2 = 16

1. Mention the coordination number and geometry of Re in $\text{Ca}[\text{ReH}_9]$.
2. Sketch the crystal field splitting diagram for $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$.
3. Which of the following complexes is more stable? Give reason.
 $[\text{Cu}(\text{trien})(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^{2+}$ or $[\text{Cu}(\text{cyclen})(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^{2+}$,
where trien: tri(ethylenediamine), cyclen: 1,4,7,10-Tetraazacyclododecane
4. Compare the IR spectra of *fac*- and *mer*- $[\text{MA}_3\text{B}_3]$ isomers.
5. Calculate the number of microstates for d^4 configuration.
6. Many lanthanide complexes display weak but sharp absorption spectra. Give reasons.
7. List the factors contributing to the bandwidth of electronic absorption spectra.
8. With a suitable diagram, illustrate the super exchange mechanism of antiferromagnetic coupling between two metal centers by a bridging ligand.
9. Depict the binding modes of hydride ligands in metal hydrides showing i) 3c-2e and ii) 4c-2e interactions.
10. Draw the optical isomers of *cis*- $[\text{CoCl}(\text{NH}_3)(\text{en})_2]^{2+}$ complex ion.

PART-B

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

2 X 12 = 24

11. a) Account for the higher lattice energy value of NiF_2 (3060 kJmol^{-1}) compared to ZnF_2 (2985 kJmol^{-1}).
b) Sketch a qualitative molecular orbital energy level diagram for an octahedral ML_6 complex with only σ - bonding.
c) Which of the following ligands will form a more stable complex with a $\text{M}(\text{II})$ ion under basic conditions? Malonic acid $\text{CH}_2(\text{COOH})_2$ or acetylacetonone $\text{CH}_2(\text{COCH}_3)_2$. Give reason.
d) Calculate the magnetic moment of $\text{K}_3[\text{FeF}_6]$ using the following data:
 χ_M (corrected) = $14.6 \times 10^{-3} (\text{B.M.})^2 \text{K}^{-1}$ at 300 K. What is the calculated spin-only magnetic moment for this complex?
(3+3+3+3)

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12. a) Identify the type of unidentate coordination mode of NO_2 ligand in complexes (A) and (B) using the IR spectral data given below. Explain.

Compound	$\nu(\text{NO}), \text{cm}^{-1}$
$\text{K}_3[\text{Co}(\text{NO}_2)_6]$ (A)	1386, 1332
$[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5(\text{NO}_2)]\text{Cl}_2$ (B)	1468, 1065

- b) A solution of $[\text{Cr}(\text{OH}_2)_6]^{3+}$ is pale green-blue ($\epsilon_{\text{max}} = 15 \text{ dm}^3\text{mol}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$), but a solution of $[\text{CrO}_4]^{2-}$ is intense yellow ($\epsilon_{\text{max}} = 4500 \text{ dm}^3\text{mol}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$). Identify the origins of electronic transitions in these complexes and explain their relative intensities.
- c) Arrange the following terms in the order of increasing energy: ^1G , ^1S , ^3F , ^3P . Give reasons for your answer.
- d) Explain spin-crossover with an example. (3+3+3+3)
13. a) Compare the C-O and M-C bond distances in $[\text{V}(\text{CO})_6]^-$ and $[\text{Mn}(\text{CO})_6]^+$. Explain.
- b) Deduce the total electron count and predict the skeletal structure of $\text{HRu}_4\text{N}(\text{CO})_{12}$.
- c) What is Tolman cone angle? Between the following, identify the one with a larger Tolman cone angle.
i) $\text{P}(n\text{-propyl})_3$ or ii) $\text{P}(i\text{-propyl})_3$
- d) Proton NMR spectra of titanocene, $[\text{Ti}(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5)_4]$ shows a single peak at 62°C and two peaks at -27°C . Explain this on the basis of hapticity of the ligand. (3+3+3+3)

PART-C

Answer any TWO of the following questions.

2 X 5 = 10

14. a) Predict the type of distortion in $[\text{Ti}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$ based on stabilization energy.
- b) Which of the following conversions is accompanied by a larger change in metal-ligand bond distance? Justify.
- i) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-} \rightarrow [\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{2-}$
- ii) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+} \rightarrow [\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$ (2+3)
15. Assign the electronic transitions in $[\text{MCl}_4]^-$ ion using an Orgel diagram, where M is a first-row transition metal ion with two unpaired electrons in 'e' orbitals.
16. a) Predict the feasibility of formation of the following complexes (X and Y) using the log K values given below. ($R = 8.314 \text{ kJmol}^{-1}$) Justify.

Compound	log K at 300 K
$[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^{2+}$ (X)	2.0
$[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_5(\text{H}_2\text{O})]^{2+}$ (Y)	0.5

- b) Identify the one with a higher magnetic moment among the following based on the given data. (Hint: Both ions have a single unpaired electron each)
- i) Ce^{3+} ($L = 3$, $S = \frac{1}{2}$, $g = 0.857$)
- ii) Ti^{3+} ($L = 2$, $S = \frac{1}{2}$, $g = 2$) (2+3)