ST 422_A_24

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Date :

ST JOSEPH'S UNIVERSITY, BENGALURU -27 B.Sc. Statistics – 4th SEMESTER SEMESTER EXAMINATION: APRIL 2024 (Examination conducted in May / June 2024) ST422: Statistical Inference - I

(For current batch students only)

Time: 2 Hours

This paper contains TWO printed pages and THREE parts

PART-A

I. Answer any FIVE of the following

- 1. State Neyman-Factorization Theorem.
- 2. Define consistent estimator and prove that sample mean is a consistent estimator of the parameter p in case of geometric distribution.
- 3. Explain Maximum Likelihood estimator (MLE). State any two properties of MLE.
- 4. Derive the method of moments for parameter 'p' which follows Binomial distribution.
- 5. What is margin of error? Explain the concept of confidence interval using statistical definition.
- 6. Explain the pivot method for construction of confidence interval.
- Find the interval estimation of population mean at 95% confidence interval, given the sample mean of boiling point of certain liquid is 101.82 degree with a SD 1.2 degree. (Z=1.96)

II. Answer any FIVE of the following

- 8. Discuss why MLE cannot be a suitable procedure for estimating U(a, b). Also obtain its estimate using Method of moments.
- 9. Construct $100(1-\alpha)\%$ confidence interval for population mean when variance is unknown.
- 10. Explain the types of testing in hypothesis tests with the help of graphs.
- 11. What is Type-I error and Type-II error? Derive the relation between Type-II error and power of the test.
- 12. What is a Test function? Explain Randomized and Non-Randomized tests.
- 13. Define Efficiency. Prove that sample mean is more efficient than sample median when the sample is drawn from normal distribution.
- 14. Verify whether sample mean is Minimum Variance Unbiased Estimator (MVUE) for the parameter of exponential distribution.

3 X 5 = 15

Max Marks: 60



Reg No:

5 X 5 = 25

III. Answer any TWO of the following10X 2 = 2015. A. Derive the Maximum likelihood Estimator for N (μ , σ^2).
B. What is a Pivot quantity? Explain.(7+3)16. A. Derive 100(1- α)% Confidence interval for population correlation coefficient.
B. Derive the Method of Moments for parameter 'p' which follows Negative-Binomial
distribution.(7+3)17. A. Show that $\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i + 1}{n+2}$ is consistent estimator of p in Bernoulli distribution.
B. Describe k-parameter exponential family with an example.(5+5)

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