

Register Number:	
Date:	

ST.JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), BANGALORE-27 B.A/B.Sc - IV SEMESTER SEMESTER EXAMINATION: APRIL 2020. PHOE 4218: MEDICAL PHYSICS

Time: 1.5 hours Max Marks: 35

This paper contains two printed pages and four parts

 $\mathbf{PART A} \tag{5x 1=5}$

Answer all the following questions

- 1. Five large square on an Electrocardiogram (ECG) is equivalent to
 - a) 5 seconds b) 2 seconds C) 1 second d) 10 seconds
- 2. Which light is used for psoriasis treatment?
 - a) Blue light b) UV light c) Green light d) IR light
- 3. What type of laser is used for Lasik?
 - a) X ray laser b) IR laser c) UV laser d) Excimer laser.
- 4. Outward Curvature of Spinal cord named as
 - a) Lordosis b) Kyphosis c) Scoliosis d) Monosis
- 5. When should you give rescue breathing
 - a) Conscious choking victim b) Unconscious choking victim c) Unconscious, no pulse, not breathing.
 d) Unconscious, no pulse, has breathing.

PART B

Answer any FIVE of the following questions. Each question carries two marks $(5 \times 2=10)$

- 6. How does gravity affect the body?
- 7. What are IGRT and IMRT?
- 8. Can lack of sleep cause high blood pressure? Give the reason
- 9. Define A-Scan display in Ultrasonic.
- 10. What are the characteristics of Laser light?
- 11. What is radiation therapy? Briefly explain
- 12. What is the most important part of a stethoscope? Explain its importance.

PART C

Answer any TWO of the following questions. Each question carries Five marks $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

13.	Density (kg/m³)	Speed of Ultrasound (m/s)	Acoustic Impedance (kg/(m²·s))
	Fat	925	1450
	Muscle (average)	1075	1590

- a) Using the values for density and the speed of ultrasound in the given above, find the acoustic impedance of fat tissue.
- b) Calculate the intensity reflection coefficient of ultrasound when going from fat to muscle tissue.
- 14. How many levers are there in human body? Explain each with an example.
- 15. Draw a suitable diagram and explain the production of X-rays. Mention it's medical applications

. **PART D**
$$(1x10=10)$$

16. Explain about an Electrocardiogram (E.C.G) in terms of, rhythm, waves, and leads.