ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), BENGALURU-27 M.Sc. BIG DATA ANALYTICS – II SEMESTER SEMESTER EXAMINATION: APRIL 2019 <u>BDA 2318 - MACHINE LEARNING</u>

This Question Paper Contains TWO Printed Paper And ONE PartANSWER ANY SEVEN QUESTIONS7 X10 = 70

- 1. Classify the following algorithms in terms of their uses as supervised or unsupervised learning. State one end application of each of these algorithms, also.
 - a. Linear Regression
 - b. Logistics Regression
 - c. KNN
 - d. ANN
 - e. SVM
- 2. a. Define and sketch a logistic function.[properly indicating its range]b. Describe the procedure of estimating the logistic regression coefficients.

[3+7=10]

[5+5=10]

3. Suppose we collect data for a group of students in a statistics class with variables X_1 = hours studied, X_2 = undergrad GPA, and Y = receive an A. We fit a logistic regression

and produce estimated coefficient, $\hat{\beta_0} = 6$, $\hat{\beta_1} = 0.05$, $\hat{\beta_2} = 1$.

- a. Estimate the probability that a student who studies for 40 h and has an undergrad GPA of 3.5 gets an A in the class.
- b. How many hours would the student in part (a) need to study to have a 50% chance of getting an A in the class? [5+5=10]
- 4. a. Explain the concept of Single Neuron.b. Discuss the usage of Naive Bayes classifier in email spam filtering.
- 5. a. Explain the phenomenon of bias-variance trade-off in case of modeling.
 b. Given a training data-set consisting of n observations, briefly describe one method of cross-validation to ensure robust predictions on the test data-set. [5+5=10]

DATE:

MAXIMUM MARKS 70

Register Number:



TIME 2.5 HOURS

[5×2=10]

6. Calculate the cost function $\beta = [\beta_0 \beta_1]'$ for a linear regression model $Y_j = \beta_0 + \beta_1 z$ fit to data (5 pairs of observations)

Z	0	1	2	3	4
Υ	1	4	3	8	9

[10]

7. a. How is a multi-layer neural network able to form nonlinear decision boundaries?b. What is the difference between forward and backward propagation in a neural network?

[5+5=10]

8. We are given n = 7 observations in p = 2 dimensions. For each observation, there is an associated class label.

Observation	X1	X2	Y
1	3	4	Red
2	2	2	Red
3	4	4	Red
4	1	4	Red
5	2	1	Blue
6	4	3	Blue
7	4	1	Blue

Sketch the observations and indicate the support vectors for the maximal margin classifier.

[10]

- 9. Write short notes on the following
 - a. Batch gradient descent algorithm.
 - b. Support vector machine.

[5+5=10]