



Register Number:

Date: 5-1-21

St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Bangalore
M.Sc Mathematics-I Semester
Semester Examination: January 2021
MT7118: Algebra-I

Duration: 2.5 Hours

Max. Marks:70

1. The paper contains **THREE** printed pages.
2. Answer any **SEVEN FULL** questions, where each question carries 10 marks.
3. The last part of each question is an MSQ which may have one or more correct option.
4. In this paper $|g|$ denotes the order of an element g in a group G .
5. Any ring mentioned here is commutative and has unity unless otherwise mentioned.

1. (a) Prove that the subgroup A_n consisting of all even permutations is normal S_n . [5 marks]
(b) In $D_{10} = \{1, r, r^2, r^3, r^4, s, sr, sr^2, sr^3, sr^4\}$, find $|r^3|$ and $|sr^2|$. [2 marks]
(c) S_6 has [3 marks]
 - i) 180 elements of order 4.
 - ii) 60 elements of order 2.
 - iii) 90 elements of order 4.
 - iv) 75 elements of order 2.
2. (a) If G is a finite group of order n and p is the smallest prime dividing order of the group, then prove that any subgroup of index p is normal. [7 marks]
(b) Which of the following is/are true in $D_8 = \{1, r, r^2, r^3, s, sr, sr^2, sr^3\}$ [3 marks]
 - i) $Z(D_8) = \{1\}$
 - ii) $Z(D_8) = \{1, r^2\}$
 - iii) $cl(r^2) = \{r^2\}$
 - iv) $cl(1) = \{1\}$
3. (a) State the Third Isomorphism Theorem for group. [2 marks]
(b) Let G is a group and $H \trianglelefteq G$. Show that for any $g \in G$ the map $\sigma_g : H \rightarrow H$ defined by $\sigma_g(h) = ghg^{-1}$ is an automorphism of H . [5 marks]
(c) Which of the following is/are true? [3 marks]

- i) $|\text{Aut}(\mathbb{Z}_5)| = 4$
- ii) $|\text{Aut}(\mathbb{Z}_8)| = 8$
- iii) $|\text{Aut}(\mathbb{Z}_{10})| = 4$
- iv) $|\text{Aut}(\mathbb{Z}_7)| = 4$

4. (a) Prove that if G is a group of order 132, then G is not simple. [7 marks]
 (b) Which of the following is/are true? [3 marks]

- i) A group of order 200 is simple.
- ii) A group of order 55 is simple.
- iii) A group of order 1000 is not simple.
- iv) A group of order 40 is not simple.

5. (a) Find the distinct conjugacy classes of S_3 . [4 marks]

(b) State the Division algorithm for $F[x]$, where F is a field. Show that $f(a)$ is the remainder of $f(x)$ when divided by $(x - a)$ in $F[x]$. [4 marks]

(c) The remainder of x^{2021} when divided by $x - 4$ in \mathbb{Z}_5 is/are [2 marks]

- (i) 1
- (ii) 4
- (iii) 0
- (iv) -1

6. (a) State and prove Eisenstein's Criterion. [7 marks]

(b) Determine which of the following is/are irreducible over indicated rings [3 marks]

- (i) $x^5 - 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 5x + 8$ over \mathbb{R} .
- (ii) $x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 1$ over \mathbb{Q} .
- (iii) $x^3 + 3x^2 - 6x + 3$ over \mathbb{Z} .
- (iv) $x^4 + x^2 + 1$ over \mathbb{Z}_2 .

7. (a) Let F be a field. Show that if $p(x) \in F[x]$ is irreducible then $\langle p(x) \rangle$ is a maximal ideal in $F[x]$. [4 marks]

(b) Construct a field with 25 elements. [3 marks]

(c) Let $I_1 = \langle x^2 + 1 \rangle$ and $I_2 = \langle x^3 - x^2 + x - 1 \rangle$ in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$. If $R_1 = \mathbb{Q}[x]/I_1$ and $R_2 = \mathbb{Q}[x]/I_2$ then which of the following is/are true? [3 marks]

- (i) R_1 and R_2 are both fields.
- (ii) R_1 is a field but R_2 is not a fields.
- (iii) R_1 is an integral domain but R_2 is not an integral domain.
- (iv) R_1 and R_2 are both integral domains.

8. (a) Show that $\mathbb{Z}[i]$ is a Euclidean Domain. [4 marks]

(b) Show that in a Unique Factorization Domain every irreducible element is prime. [4 marks]

(c) Which of the following is/are true? [2 marks]

- (i) A subring of an integral domain is an integral domain.
- (ii) A subring of a Unique factorization domain(UFD) is a UFD.
- (iii) A subring of a Principal ideal domain(PID) is a PID.
- (iv) A subring of a Euclidean domain is a Euclidean domain.

9. (a) Prove that every non-zero prime ideal in a Principal Ideal Domain is a maximal ideal. [4 marks]
 (b) Let R be a commutative ring such that $R[x]$ is a Principal Ideal Domain. Show that R is a field. [3 marks]
 (c) Which of the following statement(s) is/are true? [3 marks]
- (i) $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ is a PID.
 - (ii) $\mathbb{Z}[x, y]/\langle y + 1 \rangle$ is a unique factorization domain.
 - (iii) If R is a principal ideal domain and p is a non-zero prime ideal of R , then R/p has finitely many prime ideals.
 - (iv) If R is a principal ideal domain then any subring of R containing the unity 1 is again a principal ideal domain.
10. (a) Let F be a field and $f(x)$ be a non-constant polynomial in $F[x]$. Prove that there is a field E containing an isomorphic copy of F in which $f(x)$ has a root. [5 marks]
 (b) Let K/F be a field extension with $[K : F] = 2$ and $\text{char}(F) \neq 2$. Show that $K = F(\sqrt{D})$ where D is not a square element in F . [3 marks]
 (c) Which of the following is/are true? [2 marks]
- (i) $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt[3]{2}) = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt[3]{2})$
 - (ii) $x^3 - 2$ is irreducible over $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2})$
 - (iii) $[\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt[3]{2}) : \mathbb{Q}] = 4$
 - (iv) $[\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt[3]{2}) : \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2})] = 2$

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